(Set-R₁)

B.Tech-4th Electronics Circuits

Full Marks: 70

Time: 3 hours

Answer any six questions including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

1. Answer the following questions:

 2×10

- (a) Draw a comparator circuit. How does such a circuit differ from a clipping circuit?
- (b) What is meant by the inverted mode of operation of a transistor?
- (c) Explain what is trans-conductance 'g_m' and amplification factor 'μ' of a FET.
- (d) Sketch the frequency response magnitude characteristics of an amplifier.
- (e) State the Nyquist criterion for stability.

(Turn Over)

- (f) Define h-parameter of a transistor in a small signal amplifier. What are the benefits of h-parameters?
- (g) State Miller's theorem.
- (h) What are the ideal characteristics of a basic operational amplifier?
- (i) For a particular op-amp, the input offset current is 20 nA while input bias current is 60 nA. Calculate the values of two input bias currents.
- (j) Explain about common mode gain of the differential amplifier. State its ideal value.

(a) Draw a comparator circuit. How doe

- 2. (a) Draw and explain the equivalent circuit of BJT for CE configuration using h parameter model.
 - (b) Find the voltage gain, current gain, input resistance and output resistance of CE configuration using h parameter.

B.Tech-4th/Electronics Circuits(Set-R,)

(Continued)

3.	(a)	Compare and contrast the four topologies of a feedback amplifier with respect to their characteristics and advantages.	5
	(b)	Derive the expression for voltage gain of a voltage series feedback amplifier.	5
4.	(a)	Explain with a neat sketch about two stage RC coupled amplifier.	5
, v	(b)	Differentiate the various types of amplifiers with their circuit diagrams.	5
5.	(a)	With a neat sketch, explain the working principle of transformer coupled class B power amplifier.	
	(b)	Explain the operation of series fed class A amplifier with resistive load.	5
6.	(a)	Enumerate Barkhausen criteria.	5
	(b)	Draw and explain RC phase shift oscillator. Derive the expression for frequency of oscillations.	5
B.	Tech-4	th/Electronics Circuits(Sct-R ₁) (Turn O	ver)

7.	(a)	Sketch the small signal model of an FET and explain the significance of each element.	5
20.00	(b)	Draw a common-source n -channel JFET amplifier. Draw its small-signal equivalent circuit and explain why $V_{\rm DD}$ does not appear in the circuit.	5
8.	(a)	Explain the working of an op-amp using as a Schmitt trigger and mention its applications.	5
2	sal	What is an integrator circuit with op-amp? Explain in detail.	5
		sts belguos somnetenant to olgisolis;	
3	ASS	to (b). Explain the operation of series for else to (b) of the continue of the	
1	3018	(a) Enumerate Barkhaus options (b) Donas and explain RC plane shift each Donas the expression for frequence	.0
2		oscillations.	